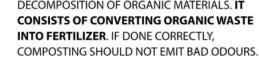


COMPOSTING IS THE CONTROLLED
DECOMPOSITION OF ORGANIC MATERIALS. IT
CONSISTS OF CONVERTING ORGANIC WASTE





MATERIALS USED FOR COMPOSTING



GREEN MATERIALS

FRUIT, EGG SHELLS, VEGETABLES, COFFEE REMAINS, TEA, ETC.



If you add worms to the compost, they will speed up the decomposition process.

WHAT **NOT** TO PUT IN THE COMPOSTER

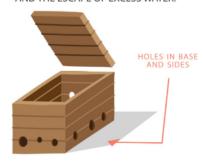
MEAT, BONES, DAIRY, FAT, CHARCOAL, CITRUS(in excess).



HOW TO CREATE AN AT-HOME COMPOSTER

1

GET A CONTAINER WITH A LID, MAKE HOLES IN THE BASE AND ON THE SIDES TO GUARANTEE AERATION AND THE ESCAPE OF EXCESS WATER.



2

SHRED OR CUT COMPOSTABLE ORGANIC WASTE INTO SMALL PIECES.



3

PLACE IN THE CONTAINER BOTH EARTH AND ORGANIC WASTE IN ALTERNATE LAYERS. THE LAYERS OF EARTH CAN BE 2 CM THICK AND THE LAYERS OF ORGANIC WASTE FROM 5 TO 6 CM THICK. (DO NOT CRUSH)



4

MAKE SURE THE LAST LAYER ADDED IS EARTH TO AVOID BAD SMELLS AND MOSQUITOES.



WATER THE MATERIAL LIGHTLY. IF IT IS DONE ON A SMALL SCALE AN ATOMIZER CAN BE USED.



6

COVER THE COMPOSTER AND PLACE IT IN A COOL PLACE WITHOUT DIRECT SUN. (DO NOT ALLOW IT TO FILL WITH RAIN WATER).



7

WAIT FOR THE MATERIALS TO COMPOST, THIS MAY VARY DEPENDING ON THE TYPE OF WASTE, SIZE, EARTH USED, HUMIDITY AND TEMPERATURE LEVELS.

